



Social science
Nazism and the Rise of Hitler
Worksheet

16. During First World War against whom Germany did not fight?
(a) Austria (b) England (c) France (d) Belgium
17. When was the First World War fought?
(a) 1911-1914 (b) 1914-1918 (c) 1916-1920 (d) 1941-1945
18. When did Germany withdraw herself from the League of Nations?
(i) 1931 (ii) 1932 (iii) 1933 (iv) 1934
21. Who supported the Weimar Republic?
(i) Socialists, Liberals, Democrats (ii) Conservatives
(ii) Catholics, Liberals, Conservatives (iv) Socialists, Catholics, Democrats
22. The German Parliament is known as:
(i) National Parliament (ii) German Legislature
(iii) Reichstag (iv) German National Congress
23. Who were called the 'November criminals'?
(i) The Opponents of Weimar Republic (ii) Chancellor of Germany
(iii) The supporters of Weimar Republic (iv) None of the above
24. What was 'Jungvolk' in Nazi Germany?
(i) A Book (ii) Jews Teachers (iii) Schools (iv) Youth organisation
25. Who was the propaganda minister of Hitler?
(i) Hjalmar Schacht (ii) Hindenburg (iii) Goebbels (iv) Helmuth
26. After the Second World War, which committee was formed to prosecute Nazi war criminals for War Crimes?
(i) Treaty of Versailles (ii) Reichstag committee
(iii) International Military Tribunal (iv) International Peace Forum
27. When did the Second World War come to an end?
(i) March 1945 (ii) May 1945 (iii) June 1945 (iv) March 1948
28. Which countries signed Tripartite Pact?
(i) Germany, Austria and Japan (ii) Germany, Italy and Japan
(iii) UK, France and Japan (iv) France, UK and USSR